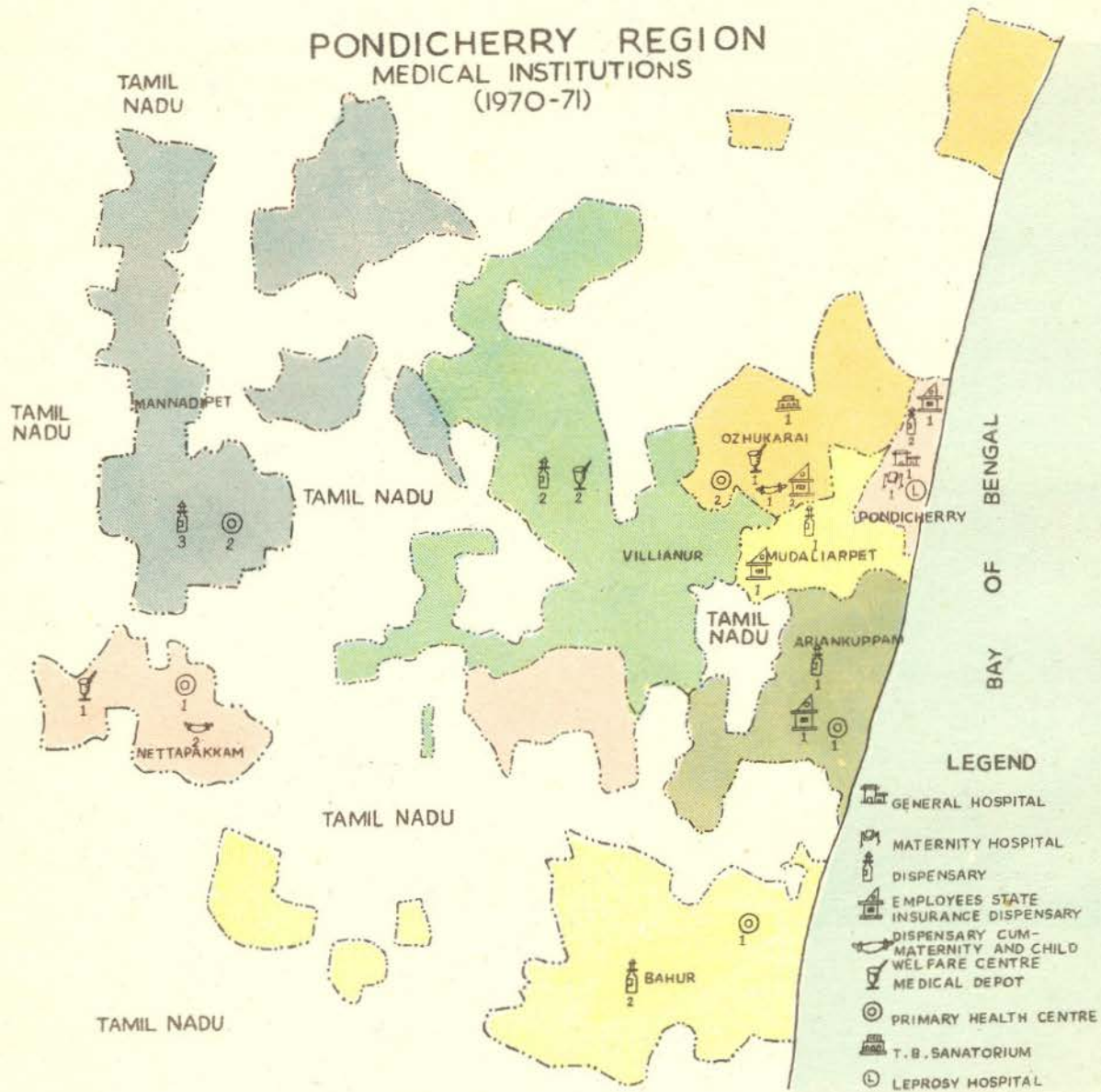


PONDICHERRY REGION MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS (1970-71)



X. MEDICAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH.

Improvements in the field of Medical and Public Health have been spectacular. At the time of the merger only one hospital in each region and a few dispensaries in rural areas were functioning. Soon after merger various health schemes were introduced in the Union Territory. To mention a few (1) a new block costing Rs. 12.30 lakhs with facility to accommodate 125 beds was added to the General Hospital, Pondicherry, (2) An X-Ray Department with all the modern equipment was installed, (3) a separate X-Ray Unit was also added to the Maternity Hospital, Pondicherry, (4) A separate Medical College shortly and popularly known as JIPMER (Jawaharlal Institute of Post-Graduate Medical Education and Research) with attached Hospital was established under the Central Sector, (4) Nursing School attached to the General Hospital, Pondicherry, which is affiliated to the Nursery Council, Madras.

Other features include a T.B. Hospital, a Filariasis Control Unit, a Leprosorium with 130 beds. Some of the All-India Programmes such as the Small-Pox

Eradication Programme, Malaria Eradication Programme are also vigorously implemented.

There is a separate State Family Planning Officer in the rank of Deputy Director who is incharge of the Family Planning Programme.

There are in all 20 Rural Dispensaries in the Union Territory. The total number of beds is 1,321 excluding JIPMER. This means that there are 2.8 beds for every 1,000 population of this Territory while there are 31 doctors for a lakh of population.

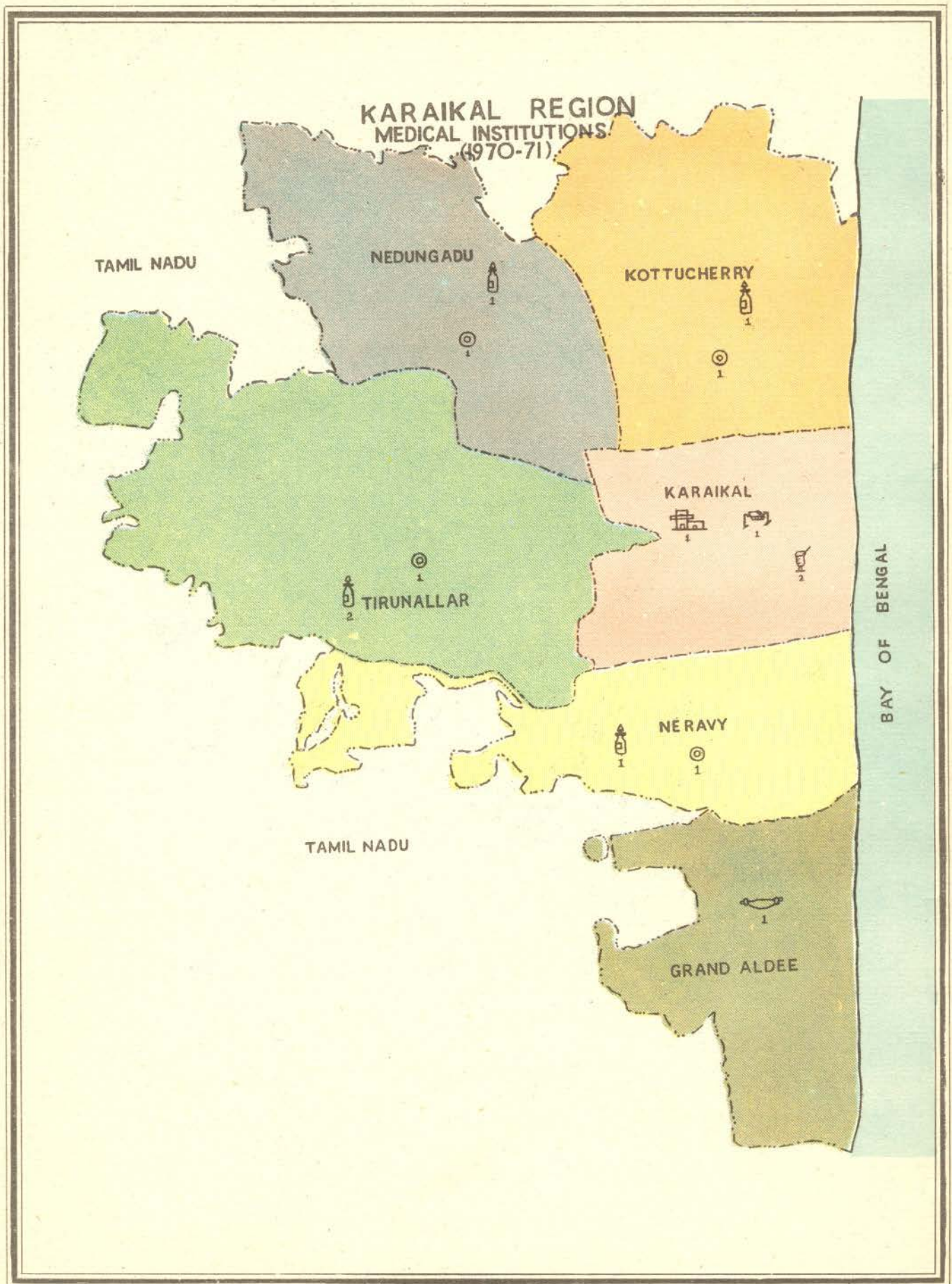
The total Plan expenditure since the inception of the First Five Year Plan upto 1970-71 is 207.89 lakhs of rupees.

Pondicherry Region.

In the following table the growth in the number of dispensaries, hospitals and beds are indicated in respect of Pondicherry region :—

Sl. No.	Items	1965-66	1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Urban Hospitals	3	3	3	3	4	4
2.	Rural Hospitals	1	1	1	1	..	..
3.	Urban Dispensaries	2	2	2	2	2	2
4.	Rural Dispensaries	10	11	11	11	12	12
5.	Primary Health Centres	7	7	7	7	7	7
6.	Urban Hospital beds	617	559	559	583	645	790
7.	Rural Hospital beds	191	185	185	185	189	75

The number of beds per thousand population works out to 2.54 in Pondicherry region.



X. MEDICAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH.

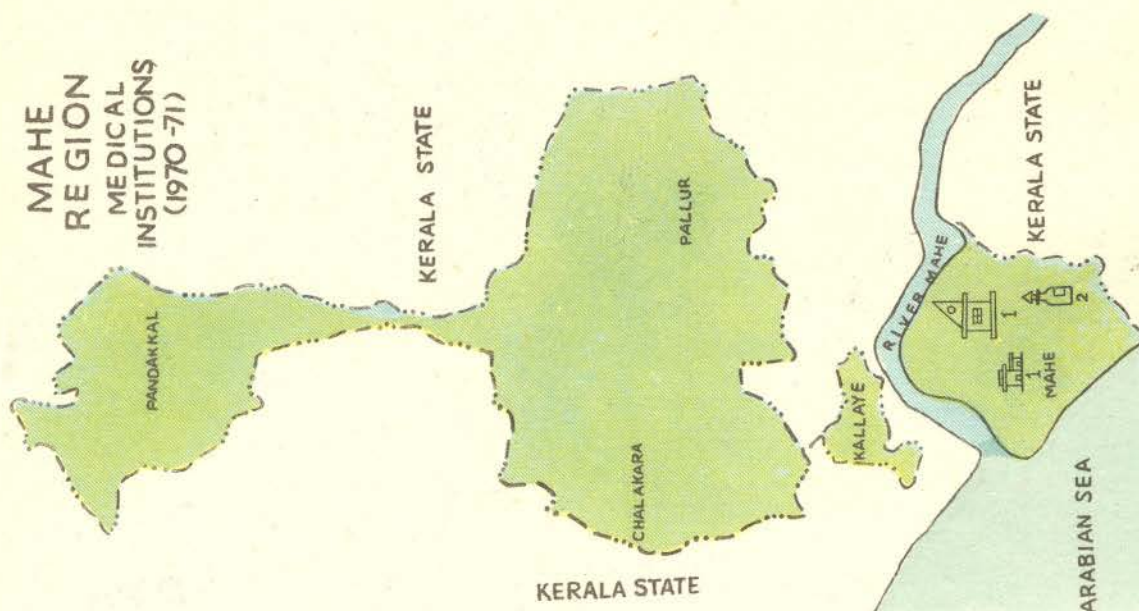
Karaikal Region.

Medical facilities in Karaikal region have also been impressive. In the table below the progress under medical and public health are furnished.

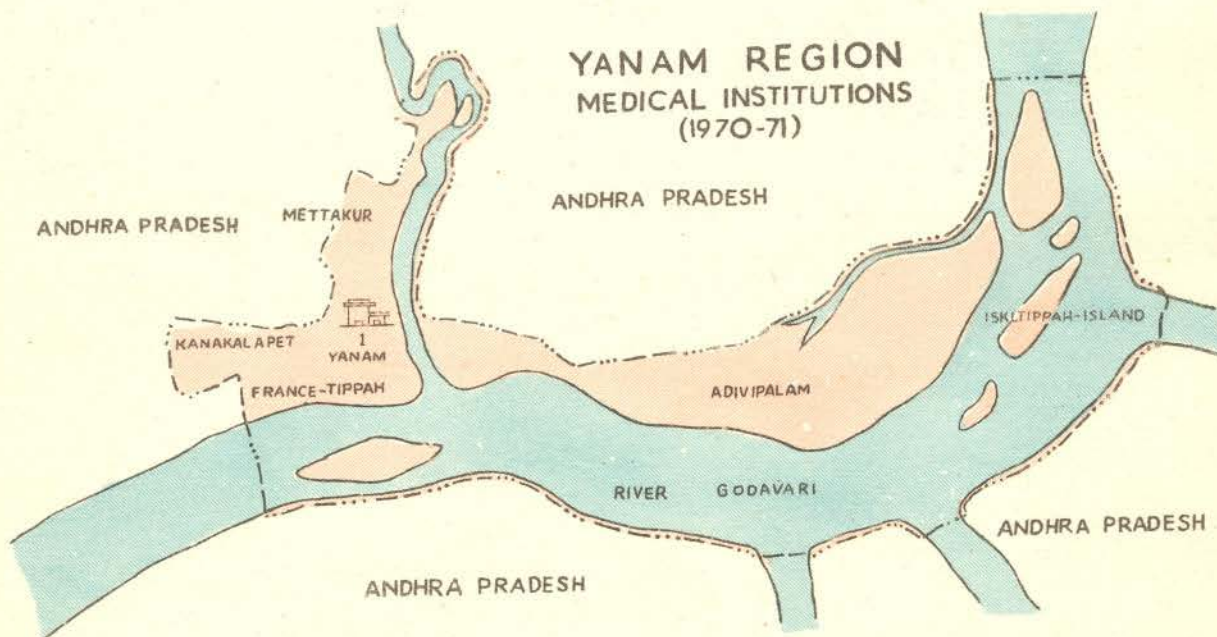
<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>Items</i>	1965-66	1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71
(1).	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Urban Hospitals	2	2	2	2	2	2
2.	Rural Hospitals .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3.	Urban Dispensaries .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4.	Rural Dispensaries	4	4	6	6	6	6
5.	Primary Health Centres	4	4	4	4	4	4
6.	Urban Hospital beds	229	229	264	264	264	256
7.	Rural Hospital beds	36	36	36	36	36	38

There has been slight increase in urban hospital beds. The number of beds per thousand population is 2.83.

MAHE REGION MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS (1970-71)



YANAM REGION MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS (1970-71)



X. MEDICAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH.

Mahe Region.

In the following table medical facilities in Mahe region are furnished.

Sl. No.	Items	1965-66	1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Urban Hospitals	1	1	1	1	1	1
2.	Rural Hospitals .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3.	Urban Dispensaries .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4.	Rural Dispensaries	1	1	2	2	2	2
5.	Urban Hospital beds	77	77	77	77	81	100
6.	Rural Hospital beds	12	12	12	12	12	22

It will be evident from the above that there has been significant increase in urban beds. The number of beds per thousand population is 5.27.

Yanam Region.

In the table given below the growth of medical facilities in Yanam region is indicated.

Sl. No.	Items	1965-66	1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Urban Hospital	1	1	1	1	1	1
2.	Urban Hospital beds	36	36	36	36	40	40

The entire Yanam region has been classified as Urban. The number of beds per thousand population is 4.82.